OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OFFICER, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, NANJANGUD.

No. C.R. 185/66-67, *dated the 5th April* 1967.

(Notice under sub-section 4 of Section 324 of the Mysore Municipalities Act, 1964).

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Municipality of Nanjangud that the Municipal Council, Nanjangud has at its meeting held on 31st December 1966, resolved to adopt the appended " Water Supply Bye-Laws " prepared on the basis of " The Mysore Municipalities (water supply) Model Bye-laws 1966 and the Mysore Municipalities (water supply) Model (amendment) Bye-laws 1966 issued by Government respectively in their Notifications, PLM 21 MLR 65, dated 25th March 1966 and LMA 17 MLR 66, dated 26th July 1966.

Any person likely to be affected thereby, may send his/her objection or suggestion in writing for the consideration of the Municipal Council within thirty days from the date of publication of the appended draft Bye-laws in the *Mysore Gazette*.

Objections or Suggestions received after the lapse of the time, specified above, will not be considered.

S. A. LAKSMAN,
Chief Officer.

WATER SUPPLY BYE-LAWS OF NANJANGUD TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

1. **Title** :—These Bye-laws may be called the Nanjangud Town Municipality " Water Supply Bye-laws."

2. **Definitions** :—In these Bye-laws unless the context otherwise requires,—

(*a*) " Act " means the Mysore Municipalities Act, 1964.
(*b*) ' Authorised Officer ' means the Chief Officer of the Municipality.
(*c*) ' Consumer ' includes any corporate body, person or persons or occupier consuming water supplied by the Municipal Council and the owner of any premises.
(*d*) ' Department ' means the water supply Department of the Municipal Council and includes the Chief Officer.
(*e*) ' Departmental stop cock or valve ' means the gland cock or valve fixed out side the premises and supplied by the owner but operated by the Department.
(*f*) " Communication pipe " means that portion of the pipe line between the main and the departmental stop valve.
(*g*) " Premises " means any house or building (inclusive of the grounds attached thereto) or its part or any tenement thereof in respect of which water is supplied or applied for.
(*h*) ' Service pipe ' means that portion of the pipe line laid within the premises.
(*i*) ' Storage cistern ' means any cistern for containing the water suppled by the Department but shall not include a cistern for storing hot water or water for flushing or other sanitary needs.
(*j*) ' Supply pipe ' means that portion of the pipe line between the departmental stop valve nearest the main ands the entrance to the premises.

3. **Water not to be used for non-domestic purposes** :—(1) Water supplied by the Municipal Council shall ordinarily be used for a *bona fide* domestic purpose and shall not be used for non-domestic purposes except with the previous permission in writing of the authorised officer and subject to the provision of clause (2).
(2) The Chief Officer may, subject to such conditions as he may determine, permit the supply of water for non-domestic purposes.
(3) No water cart or lorry not belonging to the Municipal Council shall take water from public fountains.

Explanation :—

(1) In this Bye-law, *bona fide* domestic purpose means the use of water for drinking, cooking bathing, washing clothes and gardening.

Explanation :—
(2) Non-domestic purpose means using water in respect of institutions of an industrial, commercial or business nature and also coffee clubs, restaurants, tiffin rooms, hotels, theatres, clubs of recreation, dairy farms, motor garages, stables used for hire or commercial nurseries, fruit or flower gardens, and all premises where construction, alteration of building are carried out.

4. **Installation and removal of public fountains** :—(*a*) A public fountain shall ordinarily be located at distances not lesss than one hundred and eighty meters apart.
(*b*) The Chief Officer may close temporarily any public fountain found to be misused or contaminated.

5. **Erection of public fountains by private donors** :—Private indiduals may, subject to the following conditions be allowed to erect fountains in streets for the benefit of the members of the public :—

(i) The number of such fountains is strictly restricted to *bona fide* public requirements of any particular locality as may be decided by the Municipal Council.
(ii) the conditions as are applicable to other municipal public fountains shall apply to them ;

(iii) they are made over to the Municipal Council for maint nance
(iv) they shall not be permitted to be used by the public for taking water for non-domestic purposes ;
(v) No special privilege is claimed by the donor.

6. Application for water connection :—(1) The owner, lessee or occupier of any premises who desires to have a supply of water shall make an application for water connection to the authorised officer in the form appended to these Bye-laws. The afterapplication shall be accompanied by a sanctioned plan or tax paid receipt, an endorsement for having paid the road cutting charges to the appropriate authority, a detailed estimate of cost of connections, and three prints of the several houses in the compound and the details of layout of the pipe line, in relation not only to the Municipality's distribution in running close but also to the public and private drains, latrines, etc.

(2) The applicant shall pay to the Municipal Council the cost of attachment from the public main at the following rates :-

		Rs.	P.
12.7	mm. attachment or less (diameter) (Half inch)	4	00
19.02	mm. attachment or less (diameter) (three fourth inch)	5	00
25.4	mm. attachment or less (diameter) (one inch)	6	00
31.75	mm. attachment or less (diameter) (one and a quarter inch)	7	00
38.1	mm. attachment or less (diameter) (one and a half inch)	8	00
44.45	mm. attachment or less (diameter) (one and three fourth inch)	9	00
50.8	mm. attachment or less (diameter) (two inches)	10	00

with a uniform addition of Re. one for every increase in the size of the pipe by 6.35 mm. (diameter).

(3) Every application shall be submitted through a plumber and shall be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 20 (twenty) in the case of a domestic supply and Rs. 100 (one hundred) in the case of non-domestic supply to serve as an advance, the actual amount being determined by the Authorised Officer in each case in addition to the cost of attachment, road boxes and meter boxes. The depositor on demand after he settles the account and ceases to be consumer without prejudice to the terms and conditions of any agreement in this behalf, such deposits shall be made in the case of existing connections also, where deposits have not been made so far. The applicant shall also pay in advance the cost of laying the communication pipe after receipt of intimation from the authorised officer.

Explanation :—In the case of a number of houses situated in the same compound such as Police lines or the Government servants quarters or tenement houses contructed by Government or by private individuals the entire premises shall be treated as a single unit for purposes of deposit.

7. Plumber's notice for giving connections :—(1) The plumber executing the work shall give at least two day's notice to the authorised officer for getting connection with the departmental distribution line.

(2) The service connection shall be given by the Authorised Officer after satisfying himself that the rules and Bye-laws in this behalf have been satisfied.

(3) Connection with the departmental main shall be in accordance with the subsidiary instructions issued from time to time by the department in this behalf.

(4) The work shall not be commenced until after the departmental approval is communicated in writing to the consumer through the concerned licensed plumber.

(5) No consumer shall for the purpose of conveying or receiving the water supplied by the Municipal Council fix, fit or use any pipe, tap, valve, cock cistern or any other water fittings or sanitary appliances other than of the quality and strength specified by the department. No consumer shall be entitled for the supply of water unless and until such pipes and fittings and the laying and fixing thereof are approved by the Authorised Officer.

(6) The Consumer shall satisfy the Authorised Officer regarding the quality of material used and the due observance of the specifications inside the premises before laying the communication pipe.

(7) A schedule of rates chargeable for the materials and for execution of work as in force at the time shall be kept by the department for the information of the consumer.

8. Specification of work :—The department may by subsidiary instructions specify the size, nature, materials, workmanship, strength and mode of arrangement connection, disconnection, alteration and repair of pipes, meters, cocks, ferrules-valve, soil pans, water closets, baths, cistern and other apparatus and forbid any arrangements and use of any water fittings which may allow any waste, undue consumption, misuse, erroneous measurement or contamination.

9. Extension, alteration or removal of existing connections :—In cases where the consumer or owner applies for extension of the existing connections, he shall not be required to alter or renew the fittings existing on the date of application unless in the opinion of the Authorised Officer they are so defective or located in such a position as to cause or likely to cause obstruction to the water supplied by the department or result in waste, undue consumption, misuse or contamination of water.

10. Number of connections to premises :—No premises shall except with the special permission in writing of the Chief Officer be supplied with water by more than one communication pipe. *Further there shall not be more than three taps in the case of a domestic or non-domestic connection. If more taps than three are permitted in the case of a domestic or non-domestic connection, the water charges payable shall be as laid down in Bye-law* 31 (3) *infra.*

11. Connections generally from nearest distribution line:—The water connection shall ordinarily be taken from the nearest distribution line feeding the locality where the premises is situated. Special connections from other sub-mains shall not be allowed except under the orders of the department.

12. Alterations in the interest of water supply :—Without prejudice to the terms and conditions of any agreement in this behalf, the department may, if at any time, it deems necessary in the interest of the water supply to alter the position of an existing connection with any public main or of the communication pipes and fittings thereof, direct such alterations after giving not less than two days notice in writing to the person concerned. The cost of all alterations of the connection up to the departmental pipe line shall be borne by the consumer.

13. Fixing of pumps, etc., on water supply pipes prohibited:- No person shall fix, set or use a hand pump or any self-acting sanitary or other out fit on the water supply service pipe.

14. Accessibility of pipes and fittings:—Every pipe or fitting within a building shall, as far as practicable be so placed as to admit of any access for examination, repair or removal.

15. Provisions of departmental stop-cock supply line :—Every connection shall have just outside the premises and in any easily accessible position, a valve or gland cock of the approved pattern with a minimum diameter of the supply pipe. This valve or cock shall be supplied by the consumer. Such valve or cock if below the ground level, shall in every instance be suitably protected by a surface cox of the approved pattern supplied to the consumer or by the Department at consumer's cost.

Every such gland cock shall be provided with a detachable checknut union joint near to it or facility or connecting or disconnecting service, in the case of existing service, where the original of land cocks are either far away from the premises or otherwise inaccessible, separate additional gland cocks and checknut joints shall be provided by the consumer, when and where required by the Authorised Officer.

16. Communication and other pipes not to be laid through insanitary places :—(1) No communication or other pipe shall be laid so as to pass into or through any sewer, drain, latrine, manhole or ashpit or manure pit. Such pipe shall not be allowed to remain in contact with any foul smelling or injurious materials, in unavoidable cases adequate protection to the pipe shall invariably be provided by carrying it through an exterior cast iron tube or in any other suitable manner approved by the department.

(2) Pipes laid in open ground shall be at least 0.46 meter below the ground level.

(3) Pipes intended to carry water supplied by the Department shall not be allowed to carry water supplied from any other source.

17. Storage cisterns:—(1) In every case where water is to supplied to a storage cistern a suitable automatic control valve for closing the inlet shall be provided. In addition to this, a warning pipe shall also be fitted near the cistern in such a manner that over flowing water from the same can be easily noticed by the consumer or departmental staff.

(2) A storage cistern reservoir or storage tank shall be provided with dust bin and water proof cover and ventilation and shall be placed as to admit of ready inspection and repairs and cleaning and shall be free from contamination. The possion of the warning pipe of the cistern shall not be altered except with the approval of the Authorised Officer

(3) A cistern buired or excavated in the ground shall be provided with a reflex valve to prevent the back flow of the water to the pipe line and shall be so constructed as to ensure the water tightness as well as the imperviousness of the cistern to outside contamination. The authorised officer may inspect and cut off the service to such a cistern whenever contamination or misuse or any other defect in construction is noticed.

(4) Unless otherwise specially authorised, no consumer shall be allowed to take water through any boiler, water closaet or sanitary appliances except from a storage cistern of the approved specification.

18. Department of licensed plumbers to execute work :—All water connections or alterations or extensions or repairs to any water connection shall if not done, by the Department, be done by a licenced plumber.

19. Meter rent or service charges :—For every meter installed in a premises and kept in working condition, the following rates of meter rent or service charges shall be levied per month in addition to whatsoever charges may be due for the water consumed provided that for the period when the meter is out of order, no such rent or service charges shall be charged :—

	Rs.	P.
12.70 mm and 19.05 mm meter (diameter)	0	50
25.40 mm meter (diameter)	0	75
31.75 mm meter (diameter)	1	00
38.10 mm meter (diameter)	1	25
50.80 mm meter (diameter)	1	75
68.50 mm meter (diameter)	2	50
76.20 mm meter (diameter)	3	00
101.60 mm meter (diameter)	5	00
152.50 mm meter (diameter)	8	00
152.40 mm (diameter)	10	00

20. Damage to meters :—(1) Meters shall be supplied by the Department and shall be placed inside the premises of the consumer who shall be held responsible for any damage or tampering with the meter. He shall also be liable to pay the cost of making good such damages.

(2) The Authorised Officer subject to an appeal to the Municipal Council assess the damages caused. The consumer shall be liable to pay the damages so assessed and on failure the same shall be recovered from him in the manner prescribed for recovery of dues under the Act.

21. Meter reading :—The meter reading shall be done on any day between sunrise and sunset and readings recorded on meter cards hung up in a safe and prominent position in the house. The consumer shall be responsible for the safety of the card.

22. Dispute regarding meter reading :—Protests or disputes as regards reading of meters shall be lodged by the consumer within seven days after the readings are recorded on the meter card. No complaints received after this period shall be entertained.

23. Meter testing :—(1) Any consumer disputing the accuracy of the meter may apply to the Chief Officer who shall on payment of fee of Re. one per test arrange for the testing of the meter. If on actual test the quantity registered by the meter is in excess of the correct quantity by more than five per cent the testing fee shall be refunded and a proportionate rebate shall be allowed for the month in question and modified bill prepared. No rebate shall be allowed if the excess is five per cent and below and the testing fee shall not also be refunded in such cases.

(2) The Department reserves to itself the right to make its own tests free of cost at any time after giving intimation of the same to the consumer.

24. Charges when meter goes out of order. :—If on examination any meter is found to be out of order, the consumption during the period since the last reading till the meter is repaired or a new meter is installed shall be calculated at the average daily consumption of the last six months or any smaller number of completed months during which, in the opinion of the Department, the meter was recording properly and the consumption of water was not for any reason abnormal.

25. Free allowance of water :—(1) Free allowance of water to a consumer for consumption for domestic purpose shall be at the following quantities of water per month based on the annual rental value of the premises ;—

		Rs.	
(1)	When the annual rental value exceeds	1,000	5,000 litres.
(2)	When the annual rental value exceeds Rs. 500 but does not exceed ..	1,000	3,000 liters.
(3)	When the annual rental value exceeds Rs. 300 but does not exceed ..	500	2,500 liters.
(4)	In other cases where the annual rental value does not exceed ..	300	2,000 liters.

(2) In the case of premises containing flushing latrines an additional free allowance of five hundred liters in respect of each such latrine will be allowed, provided that the concession shall not apply to more than two such lartines in a single house or premises.

(3) Free allowance to Government buildings used for residential purposes shall be on the same scale and conditions as for private premises.

26. Free allowance in the case of new premises :—In the case of every new premises, free allowance shall be granted from the date the municipal assessment has effect provided that the construction work is over and the premises are used for *bona fide* domestic purposes. In the absence of the Municipal receipt for payment of assessment, the minimum free allowance fixed under the these Bye-laws shall be allowed, provided that the construction work is over and the house or premises is occupied for domestic purposes. The correct free allowance shall be granted only on production of the said Municipal receipt. But in no case, shall free allowance be granted for the period not covered by Municipal assessment.

27. Modification of free allowance :—Applications for modifications in the quantity of free allowance allowed by the Department, to any premises and noted on the Bill, *wrongly by mistake, over sight or due to clerical error* sent every month shall be made within fifteen days from the date of the Bill. No complaints received after this period shall be entertained. *Wrong claculations brought to the notice of the Chief Officer shall be corrected on receipt of applications to be made within fifteen days from the date of the Bill and revised Bill for the correct amount shall be sent by him for payment of the amount so revised and communicated in the revised Bill.*

28. Same premises with separate consumers :—Whenever the Municipal Council assesses a premises separately, the Department may give a separate connection thereto. But where more than one building is existing in the same premises occupied by different consumers but under a single assessment, no separate free allowance shall be given to each such undivided building.

29. Several houses supplied by one pipe:—(1) In the case of blocks of houses situated in one and the same compound and separately assessed by the Municipal Council and having only one water supply connection on account of insufficiency of main or other cause, the total rental value on the houses shall be taken into consideration for purposes of calculating free allowance.

(2) In the case of a house the assessment of which has been split up by the Municipal Council thereby entitling the owner to a separate water connection to each sub-assessed house it shall be incumbent on the owner to apply for a separate water connection to each sub-assessed house; and where conditions do not permit of a separate connection being given, due to insufficiency of the main, or other cause, the free allowance shall be calculated on the total rental value of the block as a whole and not on the independent rental value of each sub-assessed house in the block.

30. Meter used partly for domestic and partly for non-domestic purposes :—(1) In the case of premises in which water is used partly for domestic purposes and partly for non-domestic purposes, the Chief Officer shall, after making necessary investigations, determine the percentage of water utilised for domestic purposes and non-domestic purposes respectively, prepare the bill accordingly.

(2) An appeal shall lie against the decision under clause (1) to the Municipal Council whose decision thereon shall be final.

31. Rates for water supply for domestic purposes :—(1) *A charge of rupee one for every four thousand liters of water consumed in excess of free allowance shall be levied in addition to meter hire.*

(2) Where supply of water is not regulated through meters service connections for water supply for domestic purposes shall be under the tap system; but, if the department or the authorised officer has reason to belive that any case the water supplied under the tap rate system is misued for non-domestic purposes also or is likely to wasted the Department or the Authorised Officer may require, the owner or occupier to meter the connections. the cost of alterations required consequent to conversion to Meter system being borne by the occupier or owner in accordance with the specification given by such authority and in default, the supply may be cut off or the said authority may arrange to execute the work and recover the cost of such conversion from the owner on occupier as per the estimate prepared for the purpose. Supply according to Tap Rate system shall be suitably throttled to regulate the rate of flow as may be considered fit by the Department or the Authorised Officer.

(3) The charges for supply of water under the Tap Rate Systems shall be at the following rates.

12.7 mm. Bore (half inch connection) Rs. two per month for the first three taps and Re. one for three additional taps subject to a maximum of Rs. four per month per connection.

19.05 mm. Bore (three-fourth inch connection) Rs. three per month for the first three taps and Rs. two for three additional taps subject to a maximum of Rs. five per month per connection.

Ordinarily 19.05 mm. Bore (three-fourth inch connection) domestic connection will not be given unless the authorised Officer is satisfied that grant of such a connection is absolutely essential.

(4) Not withstanding anything contained in the foregoing sub-clauses, supply of water in the following cases shall be on the metered system only irrespective of the fact whether the entire building is used for the purposes mentioned below or not :—

(i) Residential hotels;

(ii) Shops, commercial establishment, Hostels, Restaurants Eating houses, Theatres and places of public amusement or entertainment;

(iii) Supply to Industrial undertakings;

(iv) Supply to Nor-residential buildings not falling in the above categories for example clubs, private offices work shops and construction purposes dairies and poultries;

(v) Any supply other than for residential purposes as the Municipal Council may decide;

32. Rates for water supply for non-domestic purposes :—No free allowance of water shall be allowed for non-domestic purposes. Water supplied to such premises shall be charged at Rupees Three for every four thousand litres. The same rates shall also apply to Government, industrial and commercial concerns.

33. Payment for water supply and other charges :—(1) The owater charges, meter rent or service charges and other charges due under these bye-laws shall be paid by the consumer within the dates specified in the Bills at the Municipal office. Non-receipt of Bills shall not be accepted as an excuse for delay in payment and the consumers shall obtain the copy of the Bill for any month within the 20th day of the succeeding month in order to make prompt payment :

Provided the top rate die for each month shall always be payable in advance before the 5th of every month :

Provided further that the demand in respect of charges under the meter system shall ordinarily made within the 10th of the month succeeding that to which the consumption relates.

(2) On failure of payment, within the due date, the Department may cut off supply of water to the premises and the connection will be restored only on receipt of the amount along with a penalty of Rupees *two* in such cases *towards reconnection fee.*

(3) This penalty will not be charged if disconnection is made at the request of the consumer, subject to the condition that all the dues upto the date of disconnection are paid up on or before the due date.

34. Payment by consumer or owner :—All moneys due for water consumed, meter rent or other charges under these bye-laws shall be payable by the consumer or on his default by the owner.

35. Notice for stopping use of water :—Whenever a person ceases to occupy the premises supplied with water or to use the water, he shall send a written notice to the Municipal council. In case of his failure to do so, the Municipal council may proceed against the person or the owner to recover any charges that may become due including those for excess consumption, or wastages occurring during the period of non--intimation to the authorised officer.

36. Notice of change of ownership or tenancy :—All changes of ownership or tenancy of a premises shall be intimated by the owner at least a fortnight in advance to the authorised officer in writing.

37. Claims for water charges, not time barred :—(1) Non-receipt of the Bill referred to in bye-law 33 in time shall not affect the liability of the consumer for payment of water charges due. Arrears of charges due, if found irrecoverable, will be recovered in the same manner as any other Municipal, due under the Act.

(2) The Department shall, when requested by the consumer in writing, furnish a memorandum showing the consumption and probable charges on account of water consumed, meter rent and other items for any period subsequent to the preparation of the last bill in the office.

38. Inspection of premises :—The authorised officer may enter any house, building or land to which water is supplied to examine if there be any waste, or misuse of water or if there is dispute about the supply or water and for inspecting the water meters and fittings for conveying, receiving, storing and measuring water or for removing the instruments belonging to the Department. But this power of entry shall ordinarily be exercised only between the hours of sun rise and sun set and at other times of the day with previous intimation of not less than six hours to the consumer or owner, or in his absence to the members of his family.

39. Report regarding wastage of water and other steps :—(1) In every case where water supplied to a premises is being wasted by leakage through pipes, the consumer shall immediately give information to the Authorised Officer or to the officer in charge of the nearest water service station of the Department so as to enable necessary action being taken immediaelty to arrest the wastage.

(2) In case the consumer desires to effect repairs, the same shall be done only through a licenced plumber and after duly intimating the Authorised Officer, the details thereof.

(3) In case of neglect or delay in reporting. wastage, the Authorised Officer may cut off the water connection without notice and follow it up with an official notice to the consumer to take appropriate action to prevent such wastage.

(4) The connection shall not be restored until the defects of leakage are satisfactorily attended to. The consumer shall be liable to pay the cost of such immediate repairs as are executed through the agency of the Department.

40. Hidden leakage :—In case where the Chief Officer, after making necessary investigations, opines that wastage of water is due to hidden leakage the party may be charged at half the rate of such loss, the quantity being calculated as the difference between the actual consumption and the average consumption of the previous six months during which there was no such hidden leakage.

41. Power to cut of connection :—The authorised officer shall have power to cut off the connection between the supply and communication pipes in any one of the following cases, provided that a resonable written notice showing the specified causes or cause is given in advance, such notice being posted on the houses or premises in case the consumer is not accessible .—

(*a*) In default of payment of excess water charges, meter rents or any other charges due under these bye-laws which have been duly demanded previously through bills issued from the office of the Municipal council,

(*b*) If any consumer violates any of the conditions on which the connection has been granted the premises resulting in the misuse of such water ;

(*c*) In case of leakage through pipes on other fittings or any defective or insanitary condition of the same ;

(*d*) In the case of allowing wastage of water even after the issue of a warning in advance ;

(*e*) In the case of broken pipes or fitting causing or likely to cause heavy loss of water or damage to property ;

(*f*) In the case of refusal to allow the departmental officers to enter into any land or building for the propose of inspenting or repairing or attending to any work connected with the water supply given to the premises ;

(*g*) In case of any person wilfully or unauthorisedly permitting any other person to take a connection from his supply;

(*h*) In the case of contamination of water from a storage cistern ;

(*i*) In case the occupier of the premises does not give proper protection to meter readers from any injury being caused by animals such as dogs, etc.

(2) The water supply cut off by the Department shall not be restored as long as the wrongful act or omission for which the supply was cut off continued.

42. Stoppage of water in mains :—The authorised officer shall have power to stop or reduce the supply in any public main or sub-main for repairs or renewals without any notice on emergent occasions. But, in ordinary cases, when the stoppage is over an extensive area or due to exigencies which can be foreseen, such previous notice as is possible under the circumstances shall be given by beat of drum or other means.

43. Breaking up of municipal pavements, road or other property during pipe laying :—In every case where the municipal pavement, drain, road, manwhole, or other property is likely to be affected during the laying of the pipes for any premises, the consumer or on his behalf, the licenced plumber, shall give sufficient notice thereof to the Municipal council. He shall be also subject to the same control, restrictions and obligations to the municipal council during the period of such work as the department itself is including the liability for any penalties recoverable for delay, inconvenience and incomplete or unsatisfactory finishing of the works connected with the affected portions.

44. Removal of pipe fittings by consumer or owner :—Any consumer or owner may get his pipes removed, provided he gives at least 15 days' notice through a licenced plumber to the authorised officer. Every such consumer shall compensate the department for any injury of damage to the departmental pipe lines.

45. Use of water :—(1) The water supplied by the department shall be used only for the specific purposes permitted.

(2) Any fittings and branch pipe for non domestic use on a domestic supply or *vice- ersa* or those which are out of use or otherwise defective, shall be removed and the connections properly sealed when required by the authorised officer, should the consumer or the owner fail to comply with such requisition, the authorised officer may enter any house or premises and execute the required work ; and the expense thereof shall be recovered from the consumer or the owner in the same manner as other charges are recoverable under these Rules.

46. Hose pipe connection prohibited :—Hose pipe shall not be used from any connection metered or unmetered, except with the permission of the department in writing and all water drawn through such pipe shall be separately charged for. Every such pipe sahll have a gland-cock at the delivery end.

47. Pipes, taps, etc., property of owner :—(1) Save as otherwise provided in the Act, rules or bye-laws all pipes, taps, fittings, etc., forming part of private connections of a consumer upto and inclusive of the stop-cock nearest the supply main shall, in the absence of any agreement to the contrary, be the property of the owner of the said premises.

(2) In the case, however, of the communication pipe and the stop-cock, Department shall have the liberty to operate them for purposes of management and control. The meters or other appliances for measuring or limiting the amount of water supplied which may be installed by the Department within or outside the premises shall be the property of the Department.

(3) Any public sub-main or distribution pipe line laid by a private donor as contribution work shall be duly handed over to the Department for operation and maintenance. The owner shall not have control over such lines.

48. Punishment for offences :—Whoever commits any of the offences specified below or any other offence under any of the foregoing bye-laws, shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be punishable for every such offence with fine which may extend to Rs. fifty and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. ten for every day after such conviction during which such office continues :—

(1) Breaking the seal of a water meter or altering the index of any water meter or preventing the meter from registering in quantity of water supplied.

(2) Diverting any portion of the water supplied to him before it has been registered by the meter set upon his premises for measuring the consumption of water.

(3) Having a supply of water for domestic purposes, using such water for other than domestic purposes.

(4) Having a connection for any specific non-domestic purpose, using it for any other purpose ;

(5) Obstructing the authorised officer or any member of his staff in the discharge of his duties under bye-law 39.

(6) Neglecting to report the wastage of water under bye-law 41.

(7) Removing pipes without notice to the authorised officer.

(8) Wilfully or unauthorisedly permitting any other person to take a connection from his supplies.

(9) Unauthorisedly taking connection for water from the departmental public main or reservoir or a public fountain

(10) Wilfully or carelessly breaking, injuring or tampering with any cistern lock, meter seal, valve pipe, water cock, engine, or pump belonging to the department, or flusing or drawing off the water from the reservoirs or other works of the department ;

(11) Bathing in any stream or reservoir or other works connected with municipal water supply or throwing any dog or other animal therin or any rubbish dirt or filth or washing or cleaning any cloth, wool skin or vessels or animals, or carriages or vehicles, etc., or unauthorisedly connecting the service pipes with skin or drain, or doing any act whereby the water is likely to be fouled.

49. Recovery of water charges from Government residential buildings :—In the case of Government building used for residential purposes, the water charges shall be recovered as under the bye-laws applicable to the general rate-payers, from the occupier direct as a liability against him,. In the case of his default, the head of the Department concerned, who is in charge of the buildiag shall recover the arrears, and pay the same to the municipal council.

50. Supply of water at concessional rates and exemptions :—(1) The Municipal Council may by resolution passed at a general meeting arrange for the supply of water at concessional rates to any public or charitable institution or may exempt any institution or property or both from payment of water charges.

(2) Where a Government Institution is on default of where the claim of the Department is disputed by such institition, the water supply shall not be cut off immediately. Two months time shall be given by the municipal council to refer the matter to the departmental head and obtain orders for recovery.

51. Water supply outside municipal limits :—In cases in which water supply is made to houses, premises industrial concerns outside the limits of the Municipality, these bye-laws shall apply *mutatis mutandis* except where such supply is controlled by a separate agreement with the Department.

52. Unusual drought, war or other accidents :—The Municipal Council shall not be liable for any compensation, penalty, damages or other payment, for failure of water supply occasioned by unusual drought operation of war or other accidents, acts of God or other causes beyond control.

53. Wells to be maintained in sanitary conditions :—(1) The owner or occupier of any land or building where there is a well, whether its water is intended for human consumption or not, shall keep the well in sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Chief Officer or other authorised officer.

(2) Save as other-wise provided the owner or occupier shall.—

(i) Provide the inner walls of the well with mortar or cement lining so as to fill up crevices ;

(ii) Provide, if necessary, steps to the well so as not to project beyond four inches from the lining of the well ;

(iii) Provide the well with parapet wall all round to a height of not less than three and a half feet from the ground level with top portion sloping outwards ;

(iv) Provide the surroundings of the well with impervious cement or stone plat-form sloping away from the well to a distance of not less than three feet from the parapet wall all round and.

(v) Provide a catch drain to lead the waste water away from well to a drain nearby ;

54. Rubbish not to be deposited near the well :—No dung heap or rubbish shall be deposited or heaped in any place within a distance of ten feet from the well.

55. Owner to comply with directions :—It shall be competent to the Chief Officer or other officer authorised by the Municipal council to require by reasonable notice, the owner of every well to comply with the provisions of these bye-laws

56. Maintenance of other sources of water supply :—It shall be competent to the Chief Officer or other authorised officer by written notice to require the owner of, or any person who has control over any well, stream, channel or other sources of water supply, whether it is private property or not to keep and maintain such source of water supply in a sanitary condition and in good repair.

57. Construction of water works etc :—(1) The Municipal Council may construct, lay or erect filtration plants, reservoirs, machinery conduits, pipes or other works for supplying water to the municipality and may provide tanks, reservoirs, machinery mains, fountains and other conveniences within the municipality for the use of the inhabitants.

(2) The municipal council may cause existing water works to be maintained and supplied with water or it may close such works and substitute such other works and may cause them to be maintained and supplied with water.

58. Tresspass on water supply premises :—No person shall, except with permission obtained from the Chief Officer enter on the premises of water works or any premises connected with water supply.

59. Prohibition of building over water mains :—(1) Without the permission of the Chief Officer no building wall or other structure shall be newly erected and no street shall be constructed over the municipal water main ;

(2) If any such building wall or other structure be so erected, or any street be so constructed the Chief Officer may cause the same to be removed or otherwise dealt with as he deems fit and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the persons contravening the provisions of sub-clause (1).

60. Control over house connections :—All house connections whether within or without the premises to which they belong along with the water supply mains, shall be under the control of the municipal council, but shall be maintained in proper order at the expense of the owner of the premises to which they belong.

61. Inspection of water main and service pipes, etc. :—The Municipal Council may from time to time inspect, repair, alter or renew or may at any time remove any main, or service pipes, with such stop cock and other water fittings as it may deem necessary for supplying water.

62. Prohibition of waste or misuse of water :—(1) No person shall wilfully or negligently cause or suffer any water fittings which he is liable to maintain :—

(*a*) to be or remain out of order or so in need of repair ; or

(*b*) to be or remain so constructed or adopted or to be so used, that the water supplied to him is or is likely to be wasted misued or unduly consumed or contaminated before use or that foul air or any impure matter is likely to return into any pipe belonging to or connected with a pipe belonging to the Municipal Council.

(2) If any water fitting which any person is liable to maintain is in such a condition or so constructed or adopted as aforesaid, the Chief Officer may without prejudice to any other action against the person, require that person to carry out all necessary repairs or alterations and if he fails to do so, may himself carry them out and recover the expenses reasonably incurred thereon from such person.

(3) The Chief Officer or other authorised officer may between sunrise and sunset enter any premises supplied with water in order to examine if there be any waste or misuse of water so supplied and such officer shall not be refused admittance to the premises nor obstructed by any person in carrying out the examination.

(4) The Chief Officer or other authorised officer may test any water fittings used in connection with water supplied by the Municipal Council.

63. Water pipes, etc., not to be laid in places where water will be polluted :—(1) No water pipe shall be laid in a drain or on the surface of an open channel or house gully or within six metres of a cess pool or in any position where the pipe is likely to be injured or the water therein polluted and except with the permission of the Chief Officer or other authorised officer, no cistern shall be constructed within six metres of a latrine or cess pool.

64. Prohibition of certain acts :—No person shall,

(1) Wilfully obstruct any person acting under authority, in setting out the line or any works or pull up or remove any pillar, post or stage fixed in the ground for the purpose of setting out the lines of such work or deface or destroy such works made for the same purpose ; or

(2) Wilfully or negligently break, injure, turn on, open, close, shut off or otherwise interfere with any lock, cock, valve, pipe, meter or other work or apparatus belonging to the municipal council ; or

(3) Unlawfully obstruct the flow of or flush, draw off or divert of take water from any water work belonging to the Municipal Council or any water course by which any such water is supplied ; or

(4) obstruct any officer or other employee in the discharge of his duties or refuse or wilfully neglect to furnish him with the means necessary for making an entry, inspection, examination or inquiry in relation to any water work ; or

(5) bathe in, at or upon any water work or wash or throw any rubbish, dirt, filth into any water work or other source of water or wash or clean therein any cloth, wool, or leather or skin of any animal, or cause water of any sink or drain or any stream engine or boiler, or any polluted water to turn in or be brought into any water work or do any other act where by the water is fouled or is likely to be fouled.

65. Levy of lat rate :—In respect of non-domestic, non-metered connections, a minimum of Rs. 10 (Ten only) per month towards water charges shall be changed. When the water charges as per meter readings will be less than Rs. 5 (fiv only) a minimum of rupees five shall be levied in respect of all metered domestic connections. Similarly when the water charges as per meter readings will be less than Rs. 10 (ten only) a minimum of Rs. ten shall be levied in respect of all non-domestic metered connections.

63. Charges for special supply :—In case of special supply for special occasions like marriage, ceremonies, and other like functions, applications shall be made in advance, at least one week before the function to the Chief Officer. If the supply position permits, special supply for one hour will be permitted at the convenient hour subject to payment of Rs. ten towards water charges for one hour.

67. Removal of meters :—In respect of domestic metered connections, the owner or occupier, as the case may be, may apply in wirting to the Chief Officer for removing the meter and fixing a flat rate towards the monthly water charges payable by him based on the average of the water charges worked out on the basis of the meter readings of the past six months provided such owner or occupier gives an under-taking to the effect that he shall abide himself that he shall pay such flat rate as may be fixed by the Chief Officer which shall not be less than rupees five in respect of domestic connections and provided further that the Chief Officer at his discretion may refuse the removal of meter and his decision shall be final. No application in this behalf will be entertained when the duration between the date of fixing and removing the meter falls short of six months.

68. Mode of payment of water charges :—In the case of domestic connections monthly flat rate water charges shall be paid in advance on or before the 5th of every month in the Municipal Office failing which water supply shall be cut off by the Municipal authorities at the risk of the owner on occupier as the case may be without notice. Thereafter, if the owner or occupier as the case may be desires to have reconnection, he/she shall pay a reconnection fee of rupees two only with application after paying the entire arrears due on the date of recounnection. However, the owner or occupier is at liberty to pay the flat rate water charges in advance yearly, half yearly or quarterly at his/her convenience. Further non-issue of demand Bills for payment of flat rate water charges in respect of domestic connections, is no excuse for non-payment of such water charges as the water charge in these cases is a fixed monthly demand. In respect of metered non-domestic and domestic connections Bills shall be issued every month to the consumers for payment of the water charges of the preceeding month. If the water charge in these cases is nor paid within five days from the date of service of demand Bills water supply shall be cut off by the Municipal authorities at the risk of the owner or occupier, as the case may be without notice. Thereafter, if the owner or occupier, as the case may be, desires to have reconnection, he/she shall pay a reconnection fee of Rs. two only with an application after paying the entire arrears due on the date of reconnection.

69. Penalty :—Who ever contravenes any of the provisions in these bye-laws, shall be punishable—

(*a*) With fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in the case of continuing, contravention with an additional fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which such contravention continue after conviction for the first such contravention ;

(h) With fine which may extend to ten rupees every day during which the contravention continue after receipt of a notice from the Chief Officer by the person contravening the bye-law requiring such persons to discontinue such contravention.

S. A. LAKSMAM,
Chief Officer,
Town Municipal Council,
Nanjangud.

Application for Water Supply.

(Bye-law 6)

To

The Chief Officer,
Nanjangud Town Municipal,
Nanjangud.

1. I,.....having arranged with licensed plumber Sri.....that water service connection to my premises herein after described shall be installed by about.....hereby request that the connection by.....mm attachment may be given to the said premises on or after the above date, and that a meter on meters of the necessary capacity be istalled.

2. The annual rental value of the premises is.....as per the Municipal tax paid receipt herewith attached.

3. I hereby certify that I have read a copy of the rules and bye-laws now in force and agree to abide by the same and also agree to pay at.....per 1000 litres of water and meter hire of.....per month from the date of turning on water.

4. I forward herewith plan and specification in duplicate together with the attachment and other fee of Rs.....

5. Description of the premises.

Owner's Name.....
No. of premises.....Street.....Nanjangud Municipal Council.

6. Object of non-Domestic connections :—

(i) Premises not assessed.
(ii) Premises used for Business or Commercial, purposes.
(iii) Premises under construction.
(iv) Piemises are outside Municipal limits.

Witness :—

(1) .....

(2) .....

Signature of Owner.

Declaration by plumbers

I, plumber holding licence No.....of.....hereby declare that I have agreed to lay the said connection according to the estimate given below/separately herewith.

Nanjangud Municipal Council,
Dated.....196

—
—
—
Plumber

Nanjangud Municipal Council,
Dated.....196

—
—
—

Sanctioned Chief Officer.

ESTIMATE

Signature of the Owner.

Signature of the Plumber.

S. A. LAKSMAN
Chief Officer, Town Municipal Council, Nanjangud.